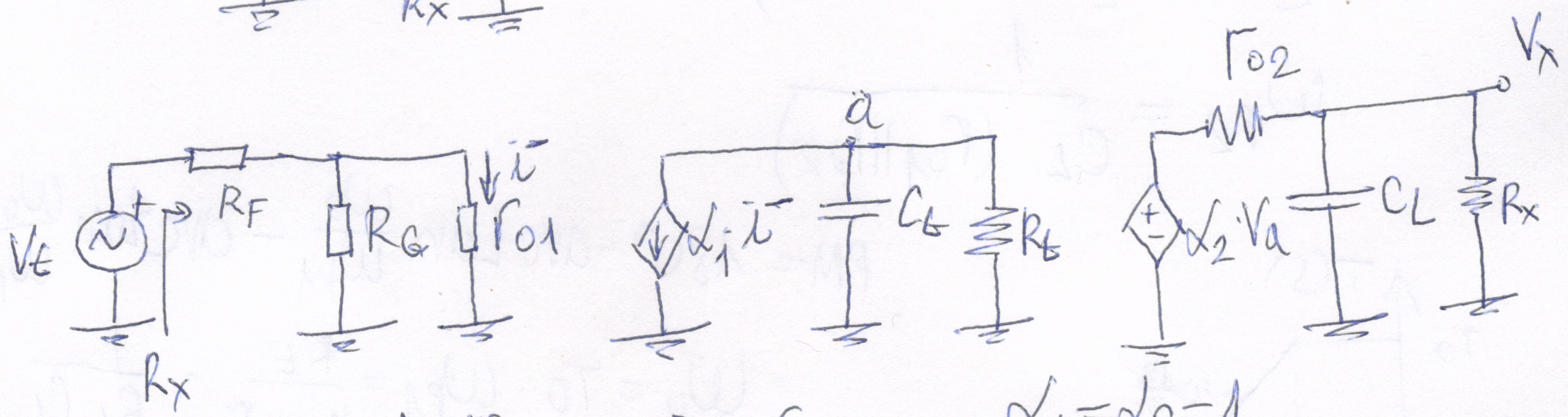
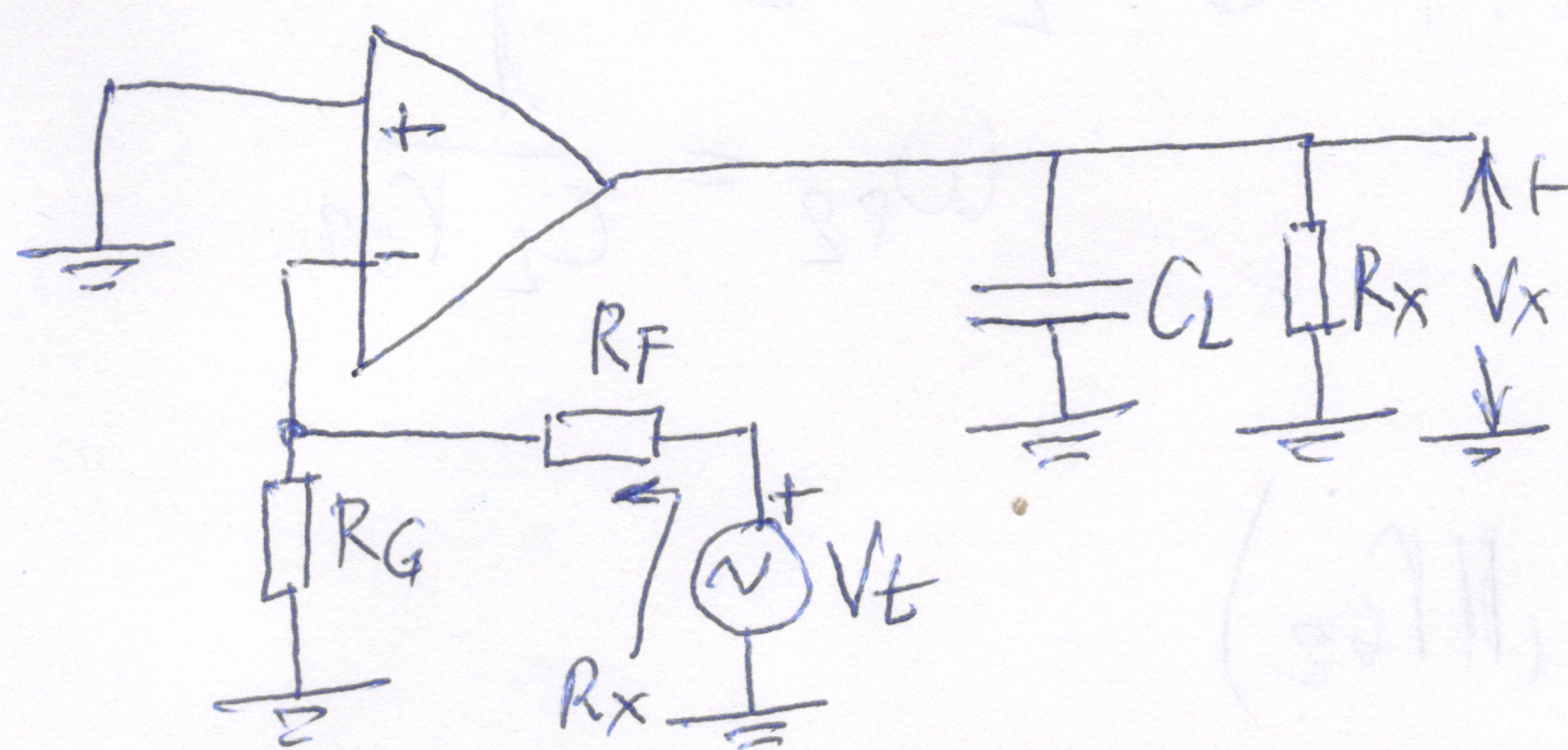
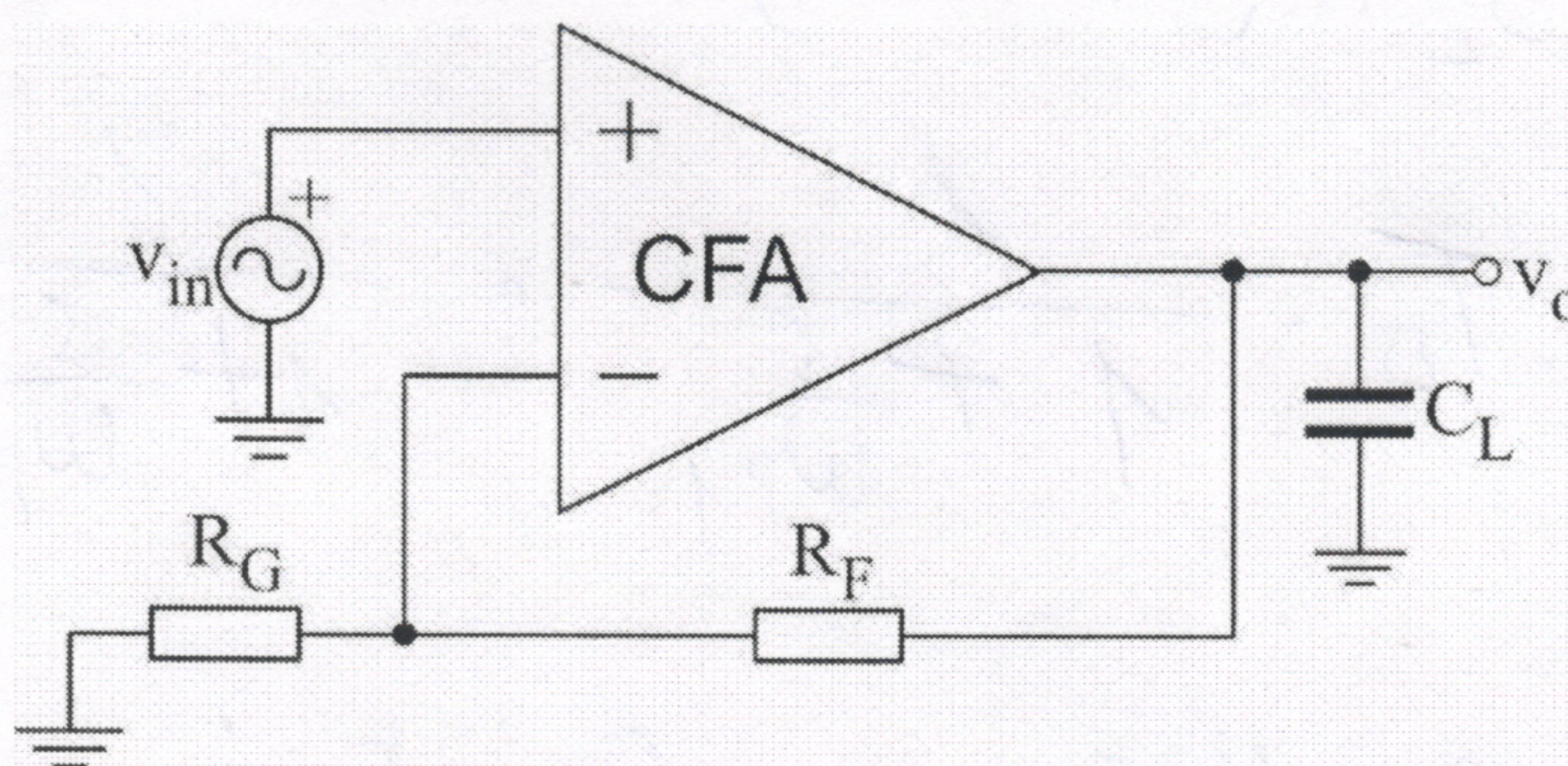


1. Na izlaz neinvertujućeg pojačavača realizovanog primenom transimpedansnog operacionog pojačavača priključen je kondenzator C_L . Poznate su vrednosti R_F i R_G . Ukoliko su poznati parametri CFA: izlazna otpornost ulaznog bafera r_{o1} , ulazna otpornost izlaznog bafera R_T , izlazna otpornost izlaznog bafera r_{o2} , kompenzaciona kapacitivnost C_c , odrediti:

- Odrediti polove kružnog pojačanja $T(S)$, za zadatu vrednost otpornika R_F .
- Odrediti polove kružnog pojačanja $T(S)$, kada su izlaz i invertujući ulaz kraktospojeni $R_F=0$.

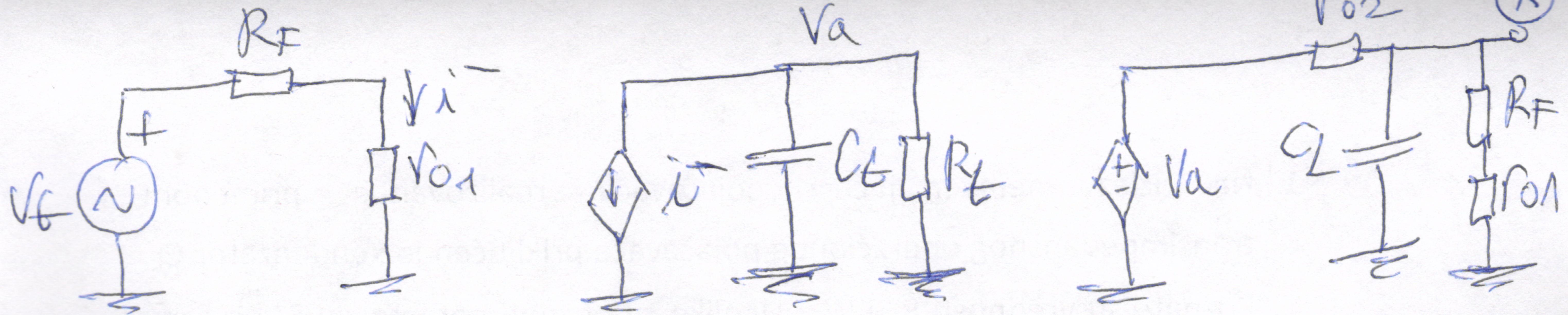


$$R_x = R_F + R_G || r_{o1} \approx R_F + r_{o1}$$

$$\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 1$$

$$T_0 = \frac{1}{R_x} \cdot \frac{R_G}{(R_G + r_{o1})} \cdot \alpha_1 \cdot R_b \xleftarrow[R_x + r_{o2}]{R_x \alpha_2} \approx \frac{R_b R_G}{R_b (R_x + r_{o2})}$$

$$T_0 = \frac{R_b}{R_F + r_{o1} + R_b} - \text{Jednosmerna frekvencija kružnog pogonja}$$



$$Z_1 = C_t \cdot R_t$$

$$\omega_{p1} = \frac{1}{C_t \cdot R_t} - \text{dominante MOS}$$

$$Z_2 = C_L \cdot R_o2 \parallel (R_F + R_{o1})$$

$$T(s) = T_0 \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_{p1}}} \cdot \frac{1}{1 + \frac{s}{\omega_{p2}}}$$

a) $Z_2 = C_L \cdot R_o2 \parallel R_F \approx C_L \cdot R_o2$

$$R_F \gg R_{o1}$$

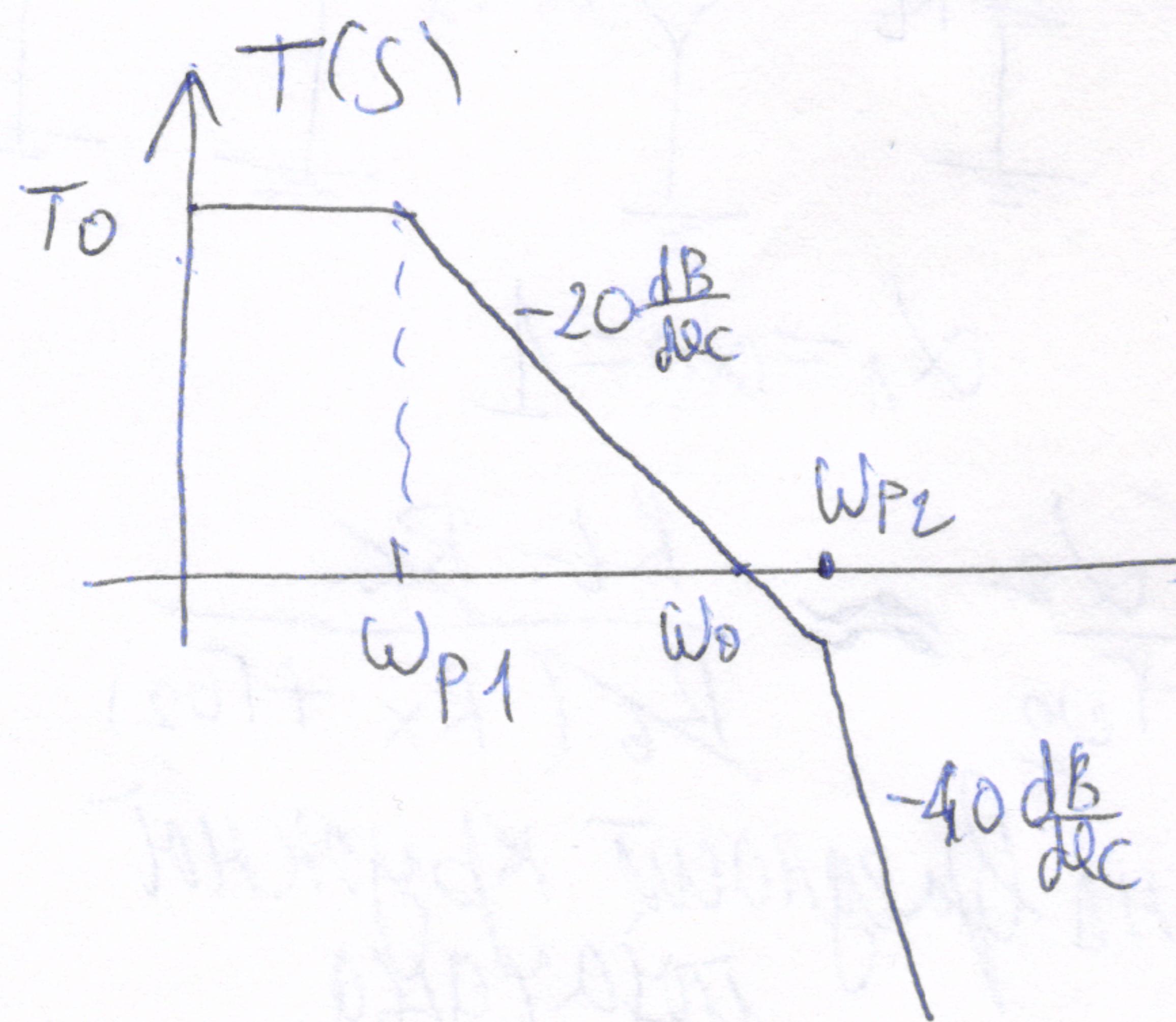
$$\omega_{p2} = \frac{1}{C_L \cdot R_o2}$$

b) $R_F = 0$

$$Z_2 = C_L \cdot (R_{o1} \parallel R_{o2})$$

$$\omega_{p2} = \frac{1}{C_L \cdot (R_{o1} \parallel R_{o2})}$$

$$PM = 180^\circ - \arctan \frac{\omega_b}{\omega_{p1}} - \arctan \frac{\omega_b}{\omega_{p2}}$$



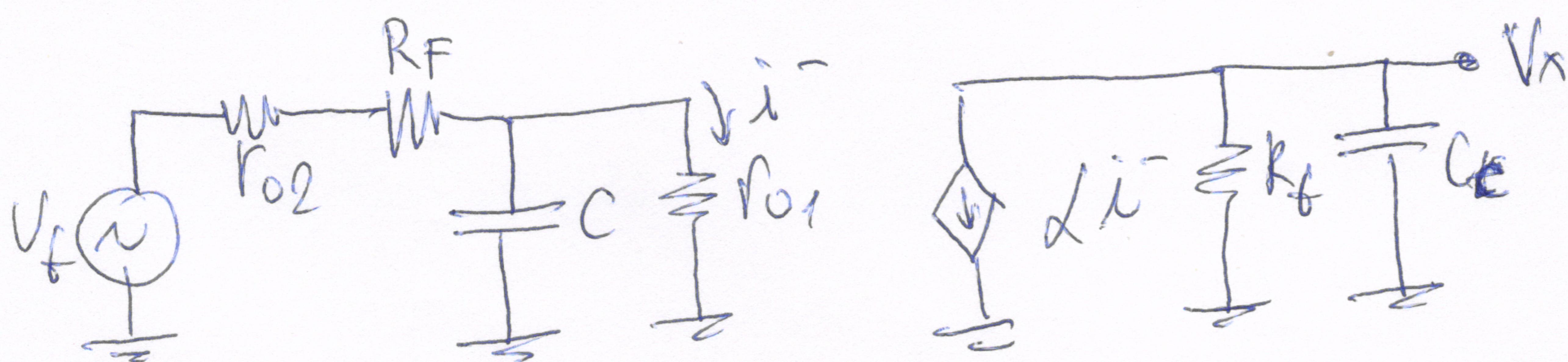
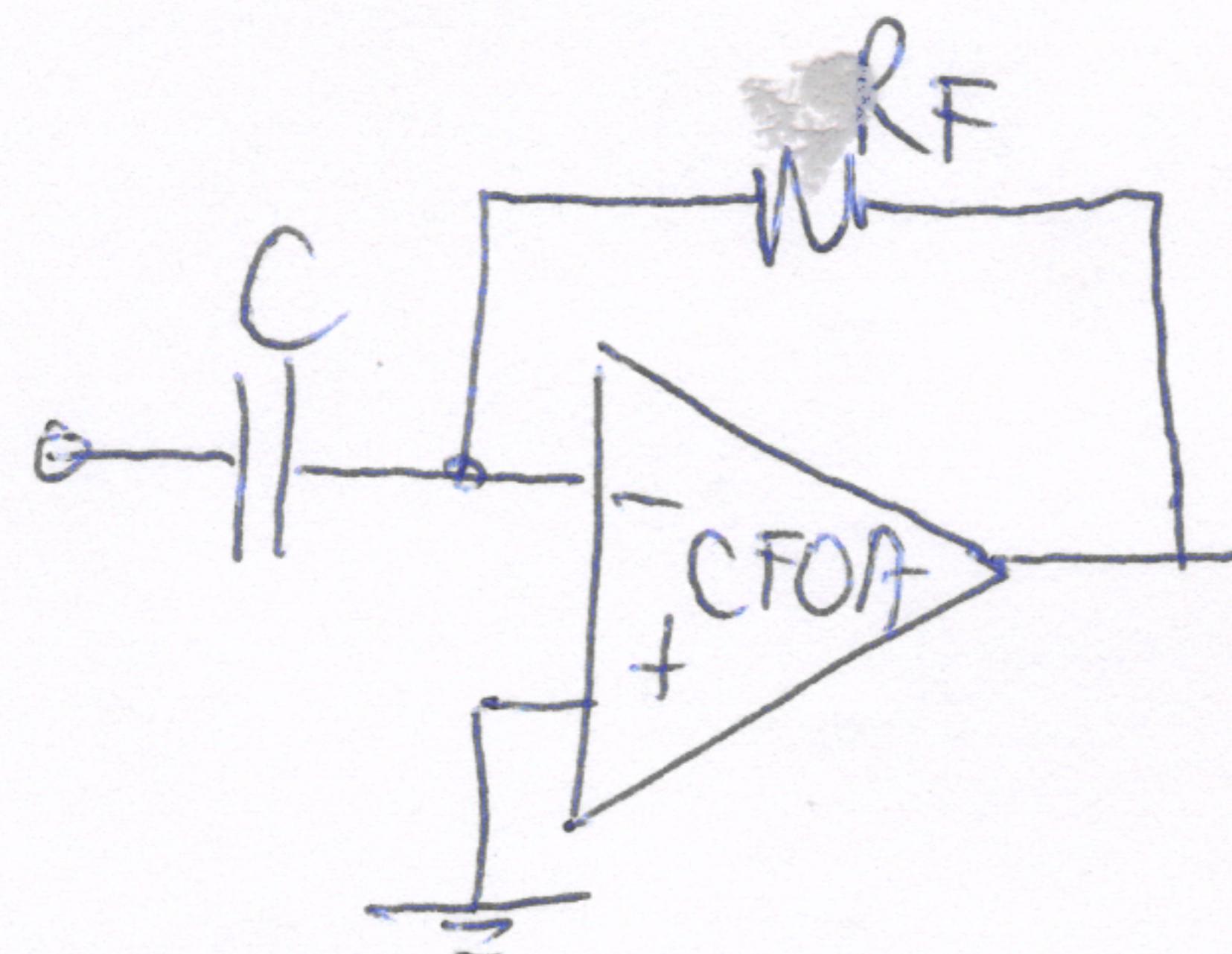
$$\omega_b = T_0 \cdot \omega_{p1} = \frac{R_t}{R_{o1} + R_{o2}} = \frac{1}{R_t C_L}$$

$$\omega_b \gg \omega_{p1} \Rightarrow \arctan \frac{\omega_b}{\omega_{p1}} = 90^\circ$$

$$PM = 90^\circ - \arctan \frac{\omega_b}{\omega_{p2}}$$

$$\frac{\omega_b}{\omega_{p2}} = \tan(90^\circ - PM) \Rightarrow C_L \geq \frac{C_t (R_{o1} + R_{o2})^2}{R_{o1} \cdot R_{o2} \cdot \tan(PM)}$$

- 2) Odrediti za koje će vrednosti kapacitivnosti i otpornosti u diferencijatoru realizovanom transimpedansnim pojačavačem mjerena faza biti manja od zadate vrednosti PM. Poznati su parametri CFA: izlazna otpornost ulaznog bafera r_{o1} , ulazna otpornost izlaznog bafera R_T , izlazna otpornost izlaznog bafera r_{o2} , kompenzaciona kapacitivnost C_C .



$$T(s) = \frac{V_x(s)}{V_f(s)} - \text{Krugasto dojave} \\ \text{kor dobravne cijere je utekujuće na uzamy} \\ \text{uzimajući da je} \\ T(s) = \frac{i^-}{V_f} \cdot Z \cdot R_T = \frac{R_T}{r_{o1} + r_{o2} + R_T} \approx \frac{R_T}{R_T}$$

$$T_0 = \frac{i^-}{V_f} \cdot Z \cdot R_T = \frac{R_T}{r_{o1} + r_{o2} + R_T} \approx \frac{R_T}{R_T}$$

$$T_1 = R_T C_T \quad \omega_{p1} = \frac{1}{R_T C_T} - \text{gođajući mjeri}$$

$$T_2 = C \cdot [r_{o1} \parallel (r_{o2} + R_T)] = C \cdot r_{o1} \parallel R_T \approx C \cdot r_{o1}$$

$$\omega_{GBW} = \omega_{p1} \cdot T_0 = \frac{1}{R_T C_T} \cdot \frac{R_T}{R_T} = \frac{1}{C_T R_T}$$

čime je utekuće kružno dojave

$$PM = 180 - \arctan \frac{\omega_{QBW}}{\omega_{P1}} - \arctan \frac{\omega_{QBW}}{\omega_{P2}}$$

$$PM = 180 - 90 - \arctan \frac{\omega_{QBW}}{\omega_{P2}}$$

$$\frac{\omega_{QBW}}{\omega_{P2}} = \tan(90 - PM)$$

$$\frac{\omega_{QBW}}{\omega_{P2}} = \frac{1}{\tan PM}$$

$$\frac{1}{C_t \cdot RF} \cdot C \cdot R_{01} = \frac{1}{\tan PM}$$

$$\frac{C}{RF} = \frac{C_t}{R_{01}} \cdot \frac{1}{\tan PM}$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{RF}{C}}_{\geq} \geq \frac{R_{01}}{C_t} \cdot \tan PM$$